



Diesel Treat Concentrate

Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2015

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SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture
Trade name : Diesel Treat Concentrate
Product code : 103051, 103052, 103073

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Diesel Fuel Additive

1.3. Supplier

Manufacturer

R.B. Howes & Co., Inc.
3511 North Ohio Street
Wichita, KS 67219 - USA
T 401-294-5500, 1-800 GET HOWES (438-4693)

Distributor

Associated Truckers Supply
44195 Yale Rd
Chilliwack, BC V2R 4H2 - Canada
T +1 604-795-5700

Manufacturer

EMCO Chemical Packaging
2100 Commonwealth Ave.
North Chicago, IL 60064 - USA
T 847-689-2200

Distributor

White Line Distributors
3625 Weston Rd Unit 24
North York, ON M9L 1V9 - Canada
T +1 416-747-8509

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 703-527-3887
CHEMTREC 1 (800) 424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS classification

Flam. Liq. 3
Skin Irrit. 2
Carc. 1B
Repr. 2
Asp. Tox. 1

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS) :



Signal word (GHS) :

Danger

Hazard statements (GHS) :

Flammable liquid and vapour.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause cancer.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

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Precautionary statements (GHS)

: Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Keep container tightly closed.
Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.
Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment.
Use only non-sparking tools.
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
If swallowed: Immediately call a doctor.
Do NOT induce vomiting.
If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
In case of fire: Use media other than water to extinguish.
Store locked up.
Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Chemical name / Synonyms	Product identifier	%
Kerosine, petroleum	Kerosine, petroleum Kerosene / Kerosine / Kerosine (petroleum) / DEODORIZED KEROSENE / Kerosine, petroleum (Straight Run, Kerosene (petroleum). A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9-16 and boiling in the range of approximately 180- 300°C.) / Kerosene, jet fuel / Kerosene, jet fuels / Kerosine fraction petroleum / Lamp oil / Kerosene/Jet fuels / Kerosenes (including jet fuels) / Kerosine (petroleum); Straight run kerosine [A complex combination of hydrocarbons produced by the distillation of crude oil. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C16 and boiling in the range of approximately 150°C to 290°C (320°F to 554°F).] / Navy Fuels JP-5 / kerosene / Fuel oil #1	CAS-No.: 8008-20-6	15 – 45

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Name	Chemical name / Synonyms	Product identifier	%
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic / Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic / Distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated heavy naphthenic / Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20-50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains relatively few normal paraffins.) / Petroleum distillate hydrotreated heavy naphthenic / Naphtha, hydrotreated heavy distillate / Hydrotreated heavy alkanes	CAS-No.: 64742-52-5	10 – 30
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light naphthenic	Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light naphthenic Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light naphthenic / Mineral oil, petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light naphthenic / Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic / Distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated light naphthenic	CAS-No.: 64742-53-6	10 – 30
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic	Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic / Light aromatic solvent naphtha / Aromatic 100 / Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic- low boiling point hydrogen treated naphtha / Light aromatic solvent naphtha (petroleum) (C8-10) / Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic (A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C8-10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135-210°C.) / Aromatic naphtha, type I / Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, hydrotreated / Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics / Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135°C to 210°C (275°F to 410°F).] / Aromatic hydrocarbon solvents - medium flashpoint / solvent naphtha (petroleum, light aromatic)	CAS-No.: 64742-95-6	7 – 13

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Name	Chemical name / Synonyms	Product identifier	%
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic	Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic Naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic / Heavy aromatic naphtha / Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic / Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha / Aromatic 150 / Solvent naphtha (petroleum) heavy aromatic / Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha (petroleum) / Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic (A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9-16 and boiling in the range of approximately 165-290°C.) / Solvent naphtha / Hydrocarbons, C10-13, aromatics, >1% naphthalene / Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic; Kerosine - unspecified [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C16 and boiling in the range of approximately 165°C to 290°C (330°F to 554°F).] / Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. / Solvent naphtha heavy aromatic	CAS-No.: 64742-94-5	1 – 5
Amides, C16-18 and C18-unsaturated, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)	Amides, C16-18 and C18-unsaturated, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl) SDA 11-024-00 / N,N-Bis(hydroxyethyl)-fatty(C16-18 and C18 unsaturated) amides	CAS-No.: 68603-38-3	1 - 5
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene Benzene, 1,2,3-trimethyl- / Hemimellitene / Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,3-	CAS-No.: 526-73-8	0.5 – 1.5
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl- / Mesitylene / sym-Trimethylbenzene / Trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5- / MESITYLENE	CAS-No.: 108-67-8	0.5 – 1.5
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) Benzene, dimethyl- / Dimethylbenzene (mixed isomers) / Xylene / Xylene (all isomers) / Xylene (mixed isomers) / Xylene (o-, m-, p- isomers) / Xylenes / Xylenes (mixed isomers) / Dimethylbenzene / Xylol / Benzene, dimethyl-, mixed isomers / XYLENE / Dimethylbenzenes / Xylene isomers mixture / Dimethylbenzene (2-, 3-, 4-isomers) / Dimethylbenzene (mixed 2-, 3-, 4-isomers) / C8 Disubstituted benzenes / Xylene, mixed isomers / Xylenes (meta-, ortho-, para-) / Xylene (mixture), including m-xylene, o-xylene, p-xylene / Xylene (o-,m-,p- isomer mixture)	CAS-No.: 1330-20-7	0.5 – 1.5
Naphthalene	Naphthalene Naphthalene, molten / Naphthalene, crude / Naphthalenes / Moth balls	CAS-No.: 91-20-3	0.1 – 1
Isopropylbenzene	Isopropylbenzene 2-Phenylpropane / (1-Methylethyl)benzene / Benzene, (1-methylethyl)- / Cumene	CAS-No.: 98-82-8	0.1 – 1

*Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

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SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation	: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: May cause eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with possible redness and swelling.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. This product may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.
Chronic symptoms	: May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Symptoms may be delayed. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam. Carbon dioxide. Water spray or fog.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Products of combustion may include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon.
Explosion hazard	: May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting	: Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA). Cool down the containers exposed to heat with a water spray.
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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	: Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Eliminate sources of ignition. Use special care to avoid static electric charges.
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6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

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6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- For containment : Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material (sand, vermiculite or other appropriate material), then place in suitable container. Do not flush into surface water or sewer system. Wear recommended personal protective equipment.
- Methods for cleaning up : Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal. Provide ventilation. Spilled material may present a slipping hazard.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Additional hazards when processed : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.
- Precautions for safe handling : Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Do not swallow. Handle and open container with care. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- Hygiene measures : Take off immediately contaminated clothing and wash it before use. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.
- Storage conditions : Keep out of the reach of children. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Diesel Treat Concentrate	
No additional information available	
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (64742-52-5)	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OSHA PEL TWA	5 mg/m ³ (as oil mist)
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light naphthenic (64742-53-6)	
No additional information available	
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic (64742-95-6)	
No additional information available	
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic (64742-94-5)	
No additional information available	

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Amides, C16-18 and C18-unsaturated, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl) (68603-38-3)	
No additional information available	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices	
BEI	1.5 g/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift (technical or commercial grade)
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)
OSHA PEL TWA	435 mg/m ³ 100 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene (526-73-8)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	10 ppm (Trimethylbenzene, isomers)
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NIOSH REL TWA	125 mg/m ³ 25 ppm
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	10 ppm (Trimethylbenzene, isomers)
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NIOSH REL TWA	125 mg/m ³ 25 ppm
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	10 ppm
ACGIH chemical category	Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices	
BEI	Parameter: 1-Naphthol with hydrolysis plus 2-Naphthol with hydrolysis - Sampling time: end of shift (nonquantitative, nonspecific)
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OSHA PEL TWA	50 mg/m ³ 10 ppm
USA - IDLH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
IDLH	250 ppm

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Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NIOSH REL TWA	50 mg/m ³
	10 ppm
NIOSH REL STEL	75 mg/m ³
	15 ppm
Isopropylbenzene (98-82-8)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Cumene
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT adenoma; neurological eff. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans)
ACGIH chemical category	Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Cumene
OSHA PEL TWA	245 mg/m ³
	50 ppm
Limit value category (OSHA)	prevent or reduce skin absorption
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
USA - IDLH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
IDLH	900 ppm (10% LEL)
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NIOSH REL TWA	245 mg/m ³
	50 ppm
US-NIOSH chemical category	Potential for dermal absorption
Kerosine, petroleum (8008-20-6)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Kerosene, as total hydrocarbon vapor
ACGIH OEL TWA	200 mg/m ³ (application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures-total Hydrocarbon vapor (Kerosene/Jet fuels)
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Skin & URT irr; CNS impair. Notations: Skin; A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans)
ACGIH chemical category	Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2024
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NIOSH REL TWA	100 mg/m ³

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8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

- Appropriate engineering controls : Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapor, etc.) below recommended exposure limits. Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Provide readily accessible eye wash station and safety showers.
- Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Hand protection:

Wear suitable gloves resistant to chemical penetration. Consult glove manufacturer's product information on material suitability and material thickness.

Eye protection:

Safety glasses or goggles are recommended when using product.

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. SDSs cannot provide detailed and complete respiratory protection guidelines. Selection of respiratory protection must be done by a qualified person who has assessed the work environment.

Other information:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: No data available.
Colour	: Light amber
Odour	: distinctive
Odour threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 164 °C (327 °F)
Flash point	: ≥ 54.4 °C (≥ 130 °F) [Closed cup]
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability	: Flammable liquid and vapour.
Vapour pressure	: < 0.1 mm Hg
Relative vapour density at 20°C / 68 °F	: > 1 (air = 1)
Relative density	: < 0.9 (water = 1)
Solubility	: Insoluble.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 9.494 mm ² /s @ 40 °C (104 °F)
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidising properties	: No data available

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9.2. Other information

VOC content : 715 g/l

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions. May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Sources of ignition. Heat. Incompatible materials. Direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon. May release flammable gases.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified.

Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified.

Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified.

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (64742-52-5)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Source: EPA_HP V)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg (Source: ECHA_API)
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light naphthenic (64742-53-6)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Source: EPA_HP V)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (Source: EPA_HP V)
LC50 inhalation rat	2180 mg/m ³ (Exposure time: 4 h Source: EPA_HP V)
ATE CA (vapours)	2.18 mg/l/4h
ATE CA (dust,mist)	2.18 mg/l/4h
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic (64742-95-6)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (Source: IUCLID)
LC50 inhalation rat	3400 ppm/4h
ATE CA (Gases)	3400 ppmv/4h

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Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic (64742-94-5)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1175 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Remarks on results: other:
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: other:
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: EPA OTS 798.1100 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Remarks on results: other:
LC50 inhalation rat	> 590 mg/m ³ (Exposure time: 4 h Source: NLM_CIP)
Amides, C16-18 and C18-unsaturated, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl) (68603-38-3)	
LD50 oral rat	> 3000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: other:A modification of the techniques described in Appraisal of the Safety of Chemicals in Foods, Drugs and Cosmetics, compiled by the staff of the Division of Pharmacology, Food and Drug Administration.
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg (Source: JAPAN_GHS)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 4350 mg/kg (Source: JAPAN_GHS)
LC50 inhalation rat	29.08 mg/l/4h
ATE CA (oral)	3500 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE CA (Dermal)	1700 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE CA (vapours)	27.57 mg/l/4h
ATE CA (dust,mist)	29.08 mg/l/4h
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	
LD50 oral rat	6000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: EU Method B.1 (Acute Toxicity (Oral)), 95% CL: 4920 - 7320
LC50 inhalation rat	24 g/m ³ (Exposure time: 4 h Source: NLM_CIP)
ATE CA (oral)	6000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE CA (vapours)	24 mg/l/4h
ATE CA (dust,mist)	24 mg/l/4h
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
LD50 oral rat	1110 mg/kg (Source: JAPAN_GHS)
LD50 dermal rabbit	1120 mg/kg (Source: NZ_CCID)
LC50 inhalation rat	> 0.4 mg/l/4h
ATE CA (oral)	1110 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE CA (Dermal)	1120 mg/kg bodyweight
Isopropylbenzene (98-82-8)	
LD50 oral rat	1400 mg/kg (Source: JAPAN_GHS)
LD50 dermal rabbit	12300 µl/kg (Source: NLM_CIP)
LC50 inhalation rat	> 3577 ppm (Exposure time: 6 h Source: JAPAN_GHS)
ATE CA (oral)	1400 mg/kg bodyweight

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Isopropylbenzene (98-82-8)	
ATE CA (Dermal)	12300 mg/kg bodyweight
Kerosine, petroleum (8008-20-6)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Source: CHEMVIEW)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (Source: CHEMVIEW)
LC50 inhalation rat	> 5.28 mg/l/4h
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen, Evidence of Carcinogenicity
In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list	Yes
Isopropylbenzene (98-82-8)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen, Evidence of Carcinogenicity
In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list	Yes
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic (64742-94-5)	
NOAEL (animal/male, F0/P)	35 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test), Guideline: other:
NOAEL (animal/female, F0/P)	125 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test), Guideline: other:
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
LOAEL (animal/female, F0/P)	50 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: other:
LOAEL (animal/female, F1)	450 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: other:
NOAEL (animal/female, F0/P)	120 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: female, Guideline: other:
Kerosine, petroleum (8008-20-6)	
NOAEL (animal/male, F0/P)	≥ 3000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 415 [One-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study (before 9 October 2017)]
STOT-single exposure	: Not classified.
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic (64742-95-6)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Diesel Treat Concentrate

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According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2015

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
Isopropylbenzene (98-82-8)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
: Not classified.	
STOT-repeated exposure	
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (64742-52-5)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	≈ 1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study)
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days)	> 0.98 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study)
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light naphthenic (64742-53-6)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	≈ 1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study)
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days)	> 0.98 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study)
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic (64742-94-5)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	1250 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.26 (Sub-Chronic Oral Toxicity Test: Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
LOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	200 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study)
LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	4.71 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity:90-Day Study)
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	625 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.26 (Sub-Chronic Oral Toxicity Test: Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study)
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	2355 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EU Method B.29 (Sub-Chronic Inhalation Toxicity:90-Day Study)
Amides, C16-18 and C18-unsaturated, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl) (68603-38-3)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	> 750 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 407 (Repeated Dose 28-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	150 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)

Diesel Treat Concentrate

Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2015

1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	600 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	1.8 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 452 (Chronic Toxicity Studies)
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	400 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
LOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour, 90 days)	0.011 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: EPA OPP 82-4 (90-Day Inhalation Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day Study)
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	200 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-Day Study)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Kerosine, petroleum (8008-20-6)	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	750 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	≥ 495 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-Day Study)

Aspiration hazard : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Diesel Treat Concentrate	
Viscosity, kinematic	9.494 mm ² /s @ 40 °C (104 °F)
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: May cause eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with possible redness and swelling.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. This product may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.
Chronic symptoms	: May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (64742-52-5)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 5000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss Source: IUCLID)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light naphthenic (64742-53-6)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 5000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss Source: IUCLID)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic (64742-95-6)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	9.22 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss Source: IUCLID)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	6.14 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)

Diesel Treat Concentrate

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According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2015

Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic (64742-94-5)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	8.41 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	4.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 - Other aquatic organisms [1]	2.9 mg/l Test organisms (species): other:
LC50 - Fish [2]	2.34 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss Source: IUCLID)
Amides, C16-18 and C18-unsaturated, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl) (68603-38-3)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	1.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static] Source: ECHA)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	≈ 3.2 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
LOEC (chronic)	0.24 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	0.32 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '28 d'
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	13.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through] Source: EPA)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	3.82 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)
LC50 - Fish [2]	2.661 – 4.093 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static] Source: EPA)
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	0.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Gammarus lacustris)
LOEC (chronic)	3.16 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	> 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '56 d'
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (108-67-8)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	3.48 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas)
NOEC (chronic)	0.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	5.74 – 6.44 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through] Source: EPA)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	2.16 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 - Fish [2]	1.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through] Source: EPA)
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	1.96 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Flow through])
NOEC (chronic)	0.59 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia pulex Duration: '125 d'
Isopropylbenzene (98-82-8)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	6.04 – 6.61 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through] Source: EPA)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	0.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 - Fish [2]	4.8 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through] Source: IUCLID)
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	7.9 – 14.1 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
NOEC (chronic)	0.35 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	0.38 mg/l Test organisms (species): other:D. rerio and P. promelas Duration: '28 d'

Diesel Treat Concentrate

Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2015

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Diesel Treat Concentrate

Persistence and degradability	Not established.
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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Diesel Treat Concentrate

Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
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Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic (64742-94-5)

BCF - Fish [1]	61 – 159
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Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	2.8 – 6.5 (at 23 °C (at pH 6.2)
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Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)

BCF - Fish [1]	0.6 – 15
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Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	2.77 – 3.15
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Naphthalene (91-20-3)

BCF - Fish [1]	36.5 – 168 (whole body w.w.)
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Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	3.4 (at 25 °C (at pH 7-7.5)
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Isopropylbenzene (98-82-8)

BCF - Fish [1]	(35.5 dimensionless)
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Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	3.55 (at 23 °C)
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12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : No other effects known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.

Diesel Treat Concentrate

Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2015

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT / TDG

14.1. UN number

DOT NA No : UN1268
UN-No. (TDG) : Not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Petroleum distillates, n.o.s.
Proper Shipping Name (TDG) : Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 3
Hazard labels (DOT) : 3



TDG

Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) : Not applicable

Transport by sea

This product is currently not packaged to comply with IMDG regulations. It is not intended to be shipped by sea.

Transport by air

This product is currently not packaged to comply with IATA regulations. It is not intended to be shipped by air.

14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : III
Packing group (TDG) : Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special transport precautions : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

Diesel Treat Concentrate

Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2015

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) and NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List) inventories.

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	CAS-No. 1330-20-7	1.72%
Naphthalene	CAS-No. 91-20-3	1.02%
Isopropylbenzene	CAS-No. 98-82-8	< 0.1%

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ	100 lb
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Naphthalene (91-20-3)

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ	100 lb
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Isopropylbenzene (98-82-8)


Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
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15.2. International regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

 **WARNING:** This product can expose you to Naphthalene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Component	State or local regulations
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light naphthenic(64742-53-6)	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)(1330-20-7)	U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene(108-67-8)	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
Naphthalene(91-20-3)	U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
Isopropylbenzene(98-82-8)	U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
2-Ethylhexanol(104-76-7)	U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

Diesel Treat Concentrate

Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2015

Component	State or local regulations
Kerosine, petroleum(8008-20-6)	U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

SECTION 16: Other information

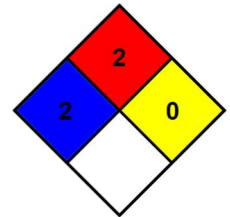
According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2015

Issue date : 03/08/2017
Revision date : 06/18/2024
Other information : None.
Prepared by : Nexreg Compliance Inc.
www.Nexreg.com



Full text of H-statements	
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity, Category 1B
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids, Category 3
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.
NFPA fire hazard : 2 - Materials that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur.
NFPA reactivity : 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.



Indication of changes:			
Section	Changed item	Change	Comments
	SDS update	Modified	2024-06-18
	Logo	Modified	2021-07-13
	Composition/information on ingredients	Modified	2020-03-09
	Product name	Modified	2020-03-09
	SDS update	Modified	2019-03-01
	Composition/information on ingredients	Modified	2018-04-23

SDS HazCom 2012 - WHMIS 2015 (Nexreg) 2023

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